Goodland, Kansas

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT June 30, 2015

Goodland, Kansas

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Goodland, Kansas

AREA BOARD OF CONTROL

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Paul Bruggeman
Dan Wasson

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Billi Beckman
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Lucille L. Hinderliter, CPA Harold K. Mayes, CPA

W. Keith Gaeddert, CPA (Retired)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Northwest Kansas Technical College Goodland, Kansas

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and component unit of Northwest Kansas Technical College, Goodland, Kansas as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statements in accordance accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the comptroller General of the United States, and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the respective net position of the business activities of Northwest Kansas Technical College, Goodland, Kansas, as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in the financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 7 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the management's discussion and analysis. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the net position of the business activities, major funds and aggregate remaining information of the College (basic financial statement) as a whole. The required supplementary information which includes the combining schedule of major funds for net position, schedule of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2014 (as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedules listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole.

Other reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2016, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Agler & Gaeddert Chartered January 14, 2016

Agler & Daeddert, Charterel

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2015

INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of Northwest Kansas Technical College (College) financial performance provides an overview of the College's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the College's financial statements, which follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999; and GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statement — and Management Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 21 and No. 34, issued in June 2001. This financial statement format (implemented in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004) focuses on the College as a whole.

The financial statements are designed to emulate corporate presentation models whereby all College activities are consolidated into one total. The focus on the Statement of Net Assets is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the College. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets focuses on both the gross costs and the net costs of College activities, which are supported substantially by state aid, state and federal grants, student tuition and fees and auxiliary enterprises revenues. This approach is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various College services to students and the public.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net assets were \$12,457,488 at June 30, 2015. This was a decrease of \$39,670 (0.3%) over the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to college efforts to expand program services, which required additional personnel and other related expenses to support enrollment growth goals.
- Overall revenues were \$7,134,117 which fell short of expenses of \$7,173,787 by \$39,670.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the College. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first three statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of the College operations in more detail.

 The fund financial statements are presented as required supplemental information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

June 30, 2015

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the College as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the College's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide statements report the College's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the College's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the College's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- □ To assess the overall health of the College, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in enrollment, changes in program funding by the Federal and State governments, and condition of facilities.

The government-wide financial statements of the College include all activities. The College's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, housing, maintenance, and general administration. Tuition, state aid and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the College's most significant funds -- not the College as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the College uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law. The Area Board of Control establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the College is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain revenues.

June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Assets - The College's combined net assets were \$12,457,488 at June 30, 2015. See Table 1. Table 1 - Net Position

		2015	2014	2013
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and demand deposits	\$	1,246,986 \$	783,796 \$	241,181
Time deposits		5,114,219	5,375,410	6,795,315
Cash in agency funds		100	4,170	11,886
Cash & cash equivalents		6,361,305	6,163,376	7,048,382
Accounts receivable, net		330,643	284,976	272,447
Accounts receivable, other		0	4,783	3,162
Prepaid insurance		0	0	145,079
Inventories		208,028	227,960	308,480
Total other current assets		538,671	517,719	729,168
Total current assets	_	6,899,976	6,681,095	7,777,550
NONCURRENT ASSETS		0	0	469,227
Construction in progress		7,069,025	7,411,727	6,367,179
Capital assets, net Total noncurrent assests	_	7,069,025	7,411,727	6,836,406
Total assets	\$	13,969,001 \$	14,092,822 \$	14,613,956
LIABILITIES	· -			
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deposits	\$	44,200 \$	16,400 \$	20,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		33,263	31,800	129,709
Due to agencies		100	6,780	15,048
Due to club accounts		3,686	8,347	13,982
KBOR Infrastructure Loan		54,568	54,568	54,568
Capital Lease		136,870	132,703	216,611
Insurance proceeds payable		57,031	0	0
Deferred revenue		83,386	55,220	33,132
Total current liabilities		413,104	305,818	483,050
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
KBOR Infrastructure Loan		12,283	66,850	121,418
Capital Lease		1,086,126	1,222,996	1,355,698
Total long term liabilities		1,098,409	1,289,846	1,477,116
Total liabilities	\$	1,511,513 \$	1,595,664 \$	1,960,166
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets	\$		5,934,610	5,088,111
Unrestricted - unassigned		6,678,310	6,562,548	7,565,679
Total net assets	\$	12,457,488 \$	12,497,158 \$	12,653,790

This schedule is prepared from the College's Statement of Net Assets, which is presented on an accrual basis of accounting whereby assets are capitalized and depreciated

June 30, 2015

Changes in Net Assets

The College's total revenues were \$7,134,117. A majority of the revenue comes from state aid (44%). Federal and state grants and contracts accounted for another 5% of total revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$7,173,787.

The College's expenses are predominately related to educating and caring for students (58%). Administrative activities accounted for just 14% of total costs. The remaining expenses were for operation of plant (maintenance and operations), cost of sales and depreciation.

Table 2 - Changes in Net Assets

		2015	2014	2013
Revenues				
Student tution and fees	\$	2,009,307 \$	2,254,406 \$	2,050,125
Charges for services		1,675,403	1,763,156	2,041,599
Operating grants & contributions		2,170	25	257
General revenues				
State apporpriations		3,143,136	2,926,972	2,869,962
Federal grants		193,812	403,699	318,286
State and local grants		129,908	33,192	596
Investment income		12,312	12,385	22,907
Gain (loss) on asset dispositions	_	(31,931)	41,091	(5,317)
Total revenues		7,134,117	7,434,926	7,298,415
Program Expenses				
Administrative		1,028,101	875,062	1,031,929
Instructon		2,228,756	2,291,202	2,151,434
Academic support		542	4,403	38,816
Operation of plant		1,149,206	1,257,549	1,048,590
Cost of sales & services		368,411	432,428	604,081
Student activities		1,957,856	2,265,030	2,174,515
Depreciation		430,915	433,885	447,579
Transfers out	_	10,000	32,000	0
Total Expenses		7,173,787	7,591,559	7,496,944_
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	(39,670) \$	(156,633) \$	(198,529)

There are currently no other known facts, decisions or conditions that will have a significant effect on the financial position (net assets) or results of operations (revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

As the College completed the year, its operating fund reported a net asset balance of \$7,243,988, which was an decrease of \$1,561,050 from last year's ending fund balance of \$8,805,038. The majority of this decrease is due to the transfer of debt in the amount of \$1,398,268 from the facilities fund. Tuition and state appropriations are the primary source of funding for the College's academic programs. During the FY'15 there was an increase of \$216,164 in state appropriations through SB 155 and the college had a decrease tuition of \$245,099 over 2014.

June 30, 2015

Operating Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the College revises its annual budget to reflect unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2015, the College had an investment net of depreciation of \$7,069,025 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles. See Table below for more details. More detailed information about the College's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table 3 - Capital assets	_	2015	2014	2013
Land improvements Building improvements Furniture and equipment	\$ 	311,747 \$ 10,626,452 2,910,287	311,747 10,626,452 2,932,151	\$ 311,747 9,213,745 3,337,179
	_	13,848,486	13,870,350	12,862,671
Total accumulated depreciation		6,779,461	6,458,623	6,495,492
	\$_	7,069,025	7,411,727	\$ 6,367,179

The College's board has a Capital Assets Policy which defines a capital asset as one with an initial unit cost of \$2,500 or more.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the College was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health:

- □ Enrollment growth continues to be identified as the number one goal/priority for the college. Enrollment continues to trend upward. Fall 2016, the college had the largest percent enrollment increase (20.4%) among all public Kansas higher educational institutions. This enrollment increase is excellent, but the college must focus on increasing the percentage of its fulltime students for future funding stability. The recentering of the state's tiered-cost model remains a threat to Northwest Tech's financial future, but at this time state discussions continue on how and when changes to funding allocations may be implemented.
- The college maintained its flat rate tuition and fee structure from 2015 for 2016 with no increase. This structure provides ease in developing tuition revenue estimates for budgeting purposes and provides accurate cost information and cost transparency to students. The college reviews expenditures and services closely and looks to find efficiencies to help keep tuition rates reasonable for students.
- ☐ The college approved the hiring of an interim President for FY'16, and held other offices vacant or at part-time status, for purposes of budgetary cognizance based on state funding concerns. These positions will need to be reevaluated the following fiscal year to ensure the college has the necessary support services to meet the needs of its growing student population.
- ☐ The fiscal year 2016 budget projects spending of \$250,000 for capital projects.
- ☐ The college believes seeking federal, state, and local grants and/or support will prove essential to its future funding needs; therefore, the college has personnel assigned to dedicate time to pursuing such opportunities.

June 30, 2015

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES - continued

The college is currently evaluating the cost effectiveness of low enrollment programs to determine the feasibility of continuing such programs. At the same time, the college is working to develop new, innovative programs that will attract new students and assist with enrollment growth goals. The college has submitted a request to KBOR for approval of a new Precision Ag program, slated to begin fall 2016, and is currently seeking industry support for equipment and facility updates for the program.

The college remains financially healthy by careful utilization of funds and close management of all financial accounts. The college has minimal indebtedness.

CONTACTING THE COLLEGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, Kansas Board of Regents, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the College's finances and to demonstrate the College's accountability for the money it receives. For further information please contact Dr. Guy E. Mills, President P.O. Box 668, Goodland, Kansas. For the Endowment Association also contact. Guy E. Mills, President P.O. Box 668, Goodland, Kansas.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Goodland, Kansas

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2015

	_	Educational Services	Endowment Association
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and demand deposits	\$	1,246,986	\$ 286,692
Time deposits		5,114,219	0
Cash in agency funds	_	100	0
Cash & cash equivalents	-	6,361,305	286,692
Accounts receivable, net		330,643	0
Accrued income		0	6,713
Annuity Receivable		. 0	7,021
Inventories	_	208,028	0
Total other current assets	_	538,671	13,734
Total current assets	-	6,899,976	300,426
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Investments		0	608,711
Annuity Receivable		0	38,983
Capital assets, net	_	7,069,025	11,656
Total assets	\$_	13,969,001	\$959,776_
LIABILITIES	-		
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deposits	\$	44,200	\$ 0
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		33,263	0
Due to agencies and others		100	0
Due to club accounts		3,686	0
KBOR Infrastructure Loan		54,568	0
Capital Lease		136,870	0
Insurance Proceeds Payable		57,031	0
Deferred revenue	_	83,386	0
Total current liabilities	\$ =	413,104	\$0
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
KBOR Infrastructure Loan	\$	12,283	\$ 0
Capital Lease		1,086,126	0
Total long term liabilities	\$ _	1,098,409	\$0
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets	\$	5,779,178	\$ 0
Restricted for			
Nonexpendable Scholarships and fellowships		0	196,877
Expendable Scholarships and fellowships		0	212,401
Unrestricted - unassigned	-	6,678,310	550,498
Total net assets	\$ _	12,457,488	§ <u>959,776</u>

Goodland, Kansas

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Educational Services	Endowment Association
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues		
Student tuition and fees	\$ 2,009,307 \$	0
Sales and services of educational departments	734,508	0
Residential life	579,695	0
Student Center	361,200	0
Gifts and Contributions	2,170	336,698
Fund raising events	0	179,331
Total operating revenues	3,686,880	516,029
EXPENSES		
Operating Expenses		
Administration	1,028,101	37,007
Instruction	2,228,756	0
Academic support	542	0
Operation of plant	1,149,206	0
Financial aid	0	350,038
Cost of sales and services of educational departments	368,411	0
Student activities	1,957,856	0
Depreciation	430,915	
Total operating expenses	7,163,787	387,045
Operating income (loss)	(3,476,907)	128,984
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State appropriations	3,143,136	0
Federal grants	193,812	0
State and local grants and contributions	129,908	0
Transfers to Endowment	(10,000)	10,000
Farm income	0	0
Investment income	12,312	15,220
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	0	7,742
Gain (loss) on asset dispositions	(31,931)	0
Net nonoperating revenues	3,437,237	32,962
Increase (Decrease) in net assets	(39,670)	161,946
NET ASSETS		
Net assets - beginning of year	12,497,158	797,830
Net assets - end of year	\$ 12,457,488 \$	959,776

Goodland, Kansas

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Educational Services	Endowment Association
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Tuition and fees \$	2,009,307 \$	0
Residential life	607,495	0
Sales and services of educational departments	822,315	0
Auxiliary enterprises charges	361,200	0
Gifts and contributions	2,170	290,694
Fundraising Events	0	179,331
Payments to employees	(4,040,059)	0
Payments to vendors	(2,683,685)	(37,007)
Payments for financial aid	0	(350,038)
Interest expense	(42,568)	0
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(2,963,825)	82,980
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		•
State appropriations	3,143,136	0
Federal and State Grants	323,720	0
Interfund Transfers	(10,000)	10,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	3,456,856	10,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of capital assets	(120,644)	0
Proceeds from Capital Asset Dispositions	500	0
Capital Lease Repayments	(132,703)	0
KBOR Infrastructure Loan Repayment	(54,567)	0
Net cash used by capital financing activities	(307,414)	0
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	0	15,000
Interest on investments	12,312	25,501
Net cash provided by investing activities	12,312	40,501
Net increase (decrease) in cash	197,929	133,481
Cash - beginning of the year	6,163,376	153,211
Cash - end of year \$	6,361,305 \$	286,692
REFLECTED ON STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:		
Cash and demand deposits \$	1,246,986 \$	286,692
Time deposits	5,114,219	0
Cash in agency funds	100	0
\$	6,361,305 \$	286,692

Goodland, Kansas

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Educational Services	Endowment Association
Reconciliation of net operating Income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	·		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,476,907) \$	105,942
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash:			
Depreciation expense		430,915	0
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables, net		(40,884)	0
Inventories		19,932	0
Insurance proceeds		57,031	0
Deferred revenue		55,966	2,539
Accounts payable	-	(9,878)	0
	\$	(2,963,825) \$	108,481

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Northwest Kansas Technical College (College), Goodland, Kansas, a member institution of the Kansas Board of Regents system, provides a range of educational programs to meet the needs of the adult population of northwest Kansas. Included in this range of programs are technical and occupational associate degree, diploma and certificate curricula consistent with the needs of employers in the College's service area. The College also provides various developmental education programs, support services and offering to assist students in meeting their personal and professional educational objectives.

The College was established in 1964 under the Kansas Statutes Annotated 72-4401 *et seq.* A nine member Area Board of Control, which is elected from the twenty-five member advisory board, is the College's ruling body, which establishes the policies and procedures by which the College is governed. Advisory board members are representatives from each unified school district within the geographical area served by the College.

A. Reporting Entity

The area board of control is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to providing educational services to students. The board receives funding from federal and state government source entities and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity", as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncement, since board members are appointed by each respective public school board and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and have primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The college has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units. This pronouncement provides guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the College is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the College.

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component unit the Northwest Kansas Technical College Endowment Association (the Association).

The Association is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Association acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. The 25-member board of the Association is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the College. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Association, the majority of resources, or income thereon, which the association holds and invests, is restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Association can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Association is considered a component unit of the College. The Association is reported in separate financial statements because of the difference in its reporting model, as further described below.

The Association is a private not-for-profit organization that reports its financial results under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements. Most significant to the Association's operation and reporting model are FASB Statement 116, Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made, and FASB Statement No. 117, Financial Reporting for Not-for-Profit Organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are difference from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Association's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences; however significant note disclosures to the Association's financial statements have been incorporated into the College's notes to the financial statements. Financial statements for the Association can be obtained by calling the Association at 785-890-3641.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), including Statement No. 34, Basic Financial statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis, for State and Local Governments, Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Public Colleges and Universities, issued in June and November, 1999 and Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The financial statement presentation required by GASB Statements No. 34, 35 and 37 provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the College's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, changes in net assets and cash flows. Accordingly for financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Consequently, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency and intra-fund transactions have been eliminated.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the College's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Fund types and major funds consist of the following:

Governmental funds

The College has no governmental funds.

Proprietary funds

Financial statements of the reporting entity's programs are organized and reported as an enterprise fund and are accounted for by providing a set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to students. These activities are financed primarily by tuition and/or state and federal funding and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes all of the College's activities as an enterprise fund

Non-exchange transactions, in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes; federal, state, and local grants; state appropriations, and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, state appropriations, and other contributions is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the College must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the College on a reimbursement basis.

The accounting policies of the College conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to colleges and universities. The College's reports are based on all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure, issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. When applicable, certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes deposits held at local financial institutions plus small amounts maintained for change funds. Cash equivalents include certificates of deposit with maturities of twenty four months or less.

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, primarily student accounts for books, fees and tuition, are considered to be fully collectible. Any account deemed to be uncollectible is charged to expense when such determination is made.

Student accounts receivable are recorded in the student revolving fund but the underlying revenue may be attributable to the operating, student center or housing funds. Inter fund receivable and payable balances result from the time lag between the dates the transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist primarily of items held for resale by the bookstore, cafeteria food and the carpentry department house in progress. Value is determined by the cost method for the bookstore and the cafeteria. The bookstore and cafeteria costs are recorded as expenses as the inventory is consumed. The carpentry house cost is recorded as expense when the house is sold. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future periods. Such payments, in the accompanying financial statements, are recorded as prepaid items and reflected as other assets.

F. Deferred Revenues and Deposits

Deferred revenues include: (1) amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent fiscal year; and (2) amounts received from contract sponsors that have not been earned.

Deposits represent miscellaneous security deposits. Student deposits are recognized as revenue during the semester for which the fee is applicable and earned or when the deposit is nonrefundable to the student under the forfeit terms of the agreement.

G. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 34 reports equity as "Net Position" rather than "fund balance". Net Position are classified according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of College obligations. The College's net assets are classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted net position – expendable – This includes resources that the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the College's policy to use restricted resources first; then unrestricted resources when they are needed. Nonexpendable restricted net position consists of endowed scholarships and fellowships for which the corpus can not be expended.

Unrestricted net position — This includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets, such as parking lots and sidewalks. The College defines capital assets as assets with an initial unit cost of \$2,500 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the College are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and Improvements 30-50 years
Land Improvements 15-25 years
Furniture and Equipment 5-20 years
Vehicles 5 years
Computer technology 3 years

I. Classification of Revenues

The College has classified its revenues as either Operating or Non-Operating. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (a) student tuition and fees, and (b) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances. Non-operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions such as (a) state appropriations (b) most federal, state, and local grants and contracts and federal appropriations, and (c) gifts and contributions.

J. Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The College participates in federally funded Pell Grant, SEOG Grant, Federal Work-Study, and Federal Family Education Loans programs. Federal programs are audited in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the U.S. Office of Management and Budge Revised Circular A-133 Audit of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and the Compliance Supplement.

K. Financial Aid

Financial aid to students is reported in the basic financial statements under the alternative method as prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Offices (NACUBO). Certain aid, such as loans and funds provided to students as awarded by third parties, is accounted for as a third party payment (credited to the student's account as if the student made the payment).

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts may differ from those estimates.

M. Compensated Absences

It is the College's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay. Classified employees forfeit any unused vacation at year-end or when employees separate from service.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. Compensated Absences (continued)

Unused sick pay may be accumulated to a maximum of 55 days. Unused sick pay is forfeited when employees separate from service. Certified employees forfeit any unused vacation pay at year-end or when employees separate from service but are allowed to accumulate a maximum of fifty-five days sick leave. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the College does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from services. The estimated amount of accumulated but unused sick pay for classified and certified employees totaled \$253,280 at June 30, 2015

N. Budget

In accordance with Kansas statutes, the College has prepared an annual operating budget for submission to the Kansas Board of Regents. The budget establishes the amount of post secondary aid to be received. The budget sets the level for expenditures at the fund level. As the amount of post secondary aid is established by formula, the budget is advisory only and is not legally binding. The operating budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting. The Board of Regents did not require a budget to be submitted this fiscal year.

O. Component Unit

The Association maintains its accounts in accordance with the principles and practices of fund accounting. Fund accounting is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting purposes in accordance with activities or objectives specified by donors. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified as follows:

Permanently Restricted Net Position – Net position subject to donor-imposed stipulations that the Association permanently maintains the assets. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Association to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes.

Temporary Restricted Net Position – Net position subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met by actions of the Association and/or passage of time.

Unrestricted Undesignated Net Position – Net position not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Unrestricted Designated Net Position – Net position not subject to donor-imposed restrictions but subject to Association Board imposed stipulations.

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets classification unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized as revenue until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions for in kind gifts from outside sources are not recorded in the Association's financial records, but are accounted for and acknowledged separately.

Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted undesignated or unrestricted designated net assets as appropriate. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted undesignated or unrestricted designated net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law.

P. Non-cash Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2015 the College did not receive any donations of land, buildings or equipment.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2015, the College had investments in certificates of deposit only.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the College. The statutes requires banks eligible to hold the College's funds have a main or branch in the county in which the College is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The College has no other policies that would further limit interest risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the College's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions: U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the State Municipal Investment Pool. The College has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk; State statutes place no limit on the amount the College may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405. The College's allocation of investments as of June 30, 2015 was 100% in certificates of deposit.

Custodial credit risk — deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the College's deposits in financial institution to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The College's did not have any designated peak periods for the current year. All deposits were legally secured at June 30, 2015.

At June 30, 2015 the College's carrying amount of deposits \$6,361,305(which includes amounts maintained for cashier's change funds and petty cash totaling \$200) and the bank balance was \$6,610,452. The difference between carrying amounts and bank balances represents primarily checks that have not cleared the bank and deposits in transit. The balance was held by three banks resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$600,000 was covered by federal deposit insurance and \$5,939,119 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the College's name. \$71,333 was unsecured as of June 30, 2015.

Custodial credit risk — investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments be adequately secured.

At June 30, 2015 the Endowment Association's carrying amount of deposits \$286,692 and the bank balance was \$286,692. The difference between carrying amounts and bank balances represents primarily checks that have not cleared the bank and deposits in transit. The balance was held by two banks resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$265,654 was covered by federal deposit insurance. \$21,039 was unsecured as of June 30, 2015.

Investments of the Endowment Association are as follows:

The Endowment Association determines the appropriate classification of its investments in debt and equity securities at the time of purchase and reevaluates such determinations at each balance-sheet date. Debt securities are classified as held-to-maturity when the Association has the positive intent and ability to hold the securities to maturity. Debt securities for which the Association does not have the intent or ability to hold to maturity are classified as available-for-sale. Held-to-maturity securities are recorded as either short-term or long-term on the balance sheet, based on contractual maturity date and are stated at amortized cost. Marketable securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as trading securities and are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses recognized as earnings. Debt and marketable equity securities not classified as held-to-maturity or as trading, are classified as available-for-sale, and are carried at fair market value, with the unrealized gains and losses, included in the determination of changes in net assets.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued

Investments are carried at fair value on the statements of net position. Fair value is determined using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets 9level 1). Available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2015 were made up of the following types of securities:

~ · ·	2015							
				Gross Unrealized	-			
Level 1	Cost		Fair Value	Gain/(Loss)	Rating			
Bonds								
Municipal Bonds \$	625,562	\$=	608,711 \$	(16,851)	A to AA			
			2015					
Sales proceeeds		\$	5,000					
Gross realized losses			(278)					
Gross realized gains			0					
			Estimated					
			Fair Value					
Due in 1-5 years		\$	188,421					
Due in 6-10 years			345,729					
Due after 10 years		_	74,561					
Total investments - debt se	curities	\$_	608,711					

3. PENSION PLANS

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The College participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.SA. 74-4901, et seq. KPERS' provides retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Kansas' law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS' issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, Kansas 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Funding Policy – K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2009 KPERS has two benefit structures and funding depends on whether the employee is Tier 1 or Tier 2 member. Tier 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. Tier 2 members were first employee in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009. Kansas law establishes the KPERS member-employee contribution rate of 5% covered salary for Tier 1 members commencing January 1, 2014 and 6% commencing January 1, 2015 and 6% thereafter and 6% of covered salary for Tier 2 members. Member employees' contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The State of Kansas is required to contribute the statutory required employers share.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

3. PENSION PLANS - continued

Early Retirement Supplement Plan

Plan Description – The College maintains a single-employer, defined benefit early retirement supplement plan (ERSP) for qualifying faculty. The Board has authority to set benefit provisions, funding policy for the plan and to terminate the plan at any time. Should the plan be terminated, a grandfather provision exists for employees currently receiving benefits.

Certified personnel retiring or leaving in good standing from the College at age sixty, who qualify for KPERS without a reduction in benefits, will be awarded a one-time retirement supplement ranging from \$500 to \$2,000 based on years of service. In addition full-time certified personnel retiring after twenty years of service, who qualify for KPERS without a reduction in benefits, will be awarded benefits equal to ten percent of the employee's last annual contracted salary per full year until the employee reaches age sixty-five or is eligible for Medicare insurance.

Funding Policy – Benefits from this program are fully paid by the College and are funded on a pay as you go basis. Under this method, payments for benefits are recognized as expense when paid. The number of retirees currently receiving benefits is six and the number of active employees who are eligible to receive these benefits was six at June 30, 2015. The expense for supplemental retirement benefits for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$19,573.

Projected benefits for the next three years are as follows:

Year ended:	One-time Supplement		Retirement Supplement	Total		
June 30, 2016	\$ 0	\$	10,847 \$	10,847		
	\$ 0	\$	10,847 \$	10,847		

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The College transferred \$10,000 to the Association for the year ended June 30, 2015.

College personnel perform the Association's administrative activities on College premises. The value of these activities and the use of the College premises to perform these activities have not been determined.

The Association had the following transactions with the College during the year ended June 30, 2015: paid the College \$8,123 for fund raising expenses, \$425 for farm expenses, \$2,140 for legal and accounting expenses and \$1,083 for meals paid by the College.

During the year board members sometimes have students work on their vehicles which assists the student by providing hands on training. The amount paid by board members was \$1,792 during the year.

5. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

As provided by Kansas statutes the College allows retired employees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the local government is subsidizing the retiree because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in these financial statements.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) the College makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and their dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid entirely by the insured. There is no cost to the College under this program.

NORTHWEST KANSAS TECHNICAL COLLEGE Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

6. CAPITAL ASSETS - see following table

College		Balance						Balance
Capital Assets	- Ju:	ne 30, 2014		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2015
Land	\$	209,096	\$	0	\$	0	\$ -	209,096
Building		6,203,600		0		0		6,203,600
Building remodel		1,428,623		0		0		1,428,623
Campus		628,520		0		0		628,520
Equipment		2,300,793		71,153		129,167		2,242,779
Furniture		88,660		0		0		88,660
Parking		50,663		0		0		50,663
SC Building		113,837		0		0		113,837
SC Building Remodel		723,940		0		0		723,940
SC Equipment		62,419		0		0		62,419
SC Furniture		2,239		0		0		2,239
Vehicles		399,747		49,490		13,340		435,897
VV Buildings		944,535		0		0		944,535
VV Equipment		30,890		0		0		30,890
VV Furniture		47,403		0		0		47,403
VV Parking		51,988		0		0		51,988
VV2 Building		583,397		0		0		583,397
Total costs	-	13,870,350	-	120,643	_	142,507	_	13,848,486
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		_		_	<u> </u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Land		0		0		0		0
Building		2,001,698		115,456		0		2,117,154
Building remodel		609,277		54,347		0		663,624
Campus		565,967		0		0		565,967
Equipment		1,720,088		135,471		98,613		1,756,946
Furniture		48,814		7,507		0		56,321
Parking		26,835		4,436		0		31,271
SC Building		86,061		2,049		0		88,110
SC Building Remodel		347,832		28,105		0		375,937
SC Equipment		48,159		5,440		0		53,599
SC Furniture		2,015		0		0		2,015
Vehicles		276,571		38,241		11,464		303,348
VV Buildings		376,817		22,861		0		399,678
VV Equipment		24,523		2,896		0		27,419
VV Furniture		47,404		0		0		47,404
VV Parking		47,092		979		0		48,071
VV2 Building		229,470		13,126		0		242,597
Total accumulated depreciation		6,458,623	-	430,914	-	110,077	-	6,779,461
Net Capital Assets	\$	7,411,727	\$	(310,271)	\$ =	32,430	\$ _	7,069,025
Endowment Association								
Farm land - beneficial interest	-\$	11,656	\$	0	\$=	0	\$ =	11,656

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

7. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The College is party to various lawsuits arising out of the normal conduct of its operations. In the opinion of College management, there are no material claims or lawsuits against the College that are not covered by insurance or whose settlement would materially affect the College's financial position at June 30, 2015.

Federal Financial Aid – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by these agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed costs, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the College. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although College management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

State Funding – Approximately 40% of the College's resources come from the State of Kansas. Due to continued funding uncertainties at the State level, future funding for the College may be reduced. The ultimate effect of this possible reduction in funding on the College's future operations is not yet determinable.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses for the covered risks. Insurance claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There were not significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in prior years.

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

			Tra	nsfe	er to	
Transfer From:		Facilities	 Student Revolving	-	Endowment	 Total
Operating Student Center Housing	\$	1,398,268 0 0	\$ 0 100,000 0	\$	0 0 10,000	\$ 1,398,268 100,000 10,000
	\$_	1,398,268	\$ 100,000	\$	10,000	\$ 1,508,268

Interfund transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects receipts to the fund that spends them. In the year ended June 30, 2015, the College made the following transfers between funds.

10. ENDOWMENT ASSOCIATION CONTRIBUTION

In 2005, the College approved contributing up to \$100,000 per year from the housing fund to the Endowment Association for student scholarships. Seventy percent of the contribution will be added to permanently restricted net assets until Endowment Association net assets total \$1,000,000. The remaining contribution may be used for current scholarships or added to unrestricted net assets. During the year ended June 30, 2015 the College transferred \$10,000 to the Endowment Association.

Goodland, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

11. KBOR INFRASTRUCTURE LOAN PAYABLE

The College executed a loan agreement with the Kansas Board of Regents acting on behalf of the State of Kansas for the financing of infrastructure improvement project costs. The loan, not to exceed \$338,280, which bears no interest, but carried a .25% management fee, is to be retired in annual installments of one eighth of the total loan amounts on or before December 1 of each year. No lien or other security interest is granted to the Kansas Board of Regents or the State of Kansas but the college is obligated to budget sufficient funds to make payments pursuant to this loan agreement. A summary of loan payable activity follows:

KBOR Loan	\$ =	Beginning 121,419 \$	Additions 0 \$	Payments 54,568 \$	Ending 66,851
Maturities of the loan balance are as 1	ollow	s:			
201	6\$	54,568			
201	7	12,283			
	\$ _	66,851			

12. CAPITAL LEASES

The College has entered into a capital lease with a local bank for the purpose of building of the Sport Center. As of year ended June 30, 2015 the Sports Center is under construction with a cost of \$469,227. Under the terms of the lease the College has pledged a certificate of deposit in the amount of \$1,500,000 as security to the bank.

The lease has a rate of 3.14% with a total amount of \$1,500,000 and is payable in annual installments of \$175,272 including interest. The lease calls for a residual buyout of the property for \$1 at the end of the lease. The building costs \$1,463,259 and accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015 was \$31,704 leaving a balance of \$1,431,555.

Loan 4/52013	\$	1,355,699 \$	0 \$	132,703 \$	1,222,996
		Principal	Interest		
201	6 \$	136,868 \$	38,402		
201	7	141,074	34,198		
201	8	145,597	29,675		
201	9	150,169	25,103		
202	0	154,884	20,388		
202	1	159,705	15,567		
202	2	164,762	10,509		
202	3	169,937	5,335		
	\$	1,222,996 \$	179,177		

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The entity evaluated subsequent events through January 14, 2016 the date the financial statement were available to be issued. No subsequent events were identified.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Goodland, Kansas

Combining Statement for Major Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2015

	_	Operating	_	Student Revolving	Student Center		Facilities		Housing	_	Total
ASSETS											
CURRENT ASSETS	φ	000 (01 (r	241.514 @	14,857 \$	r	7,212 \$,	174,712 \$		1,246,986
Cash and demand deposits	\$	808,691 S 1,994,523	Þ	241,514 \$ 1,406,816	532,630	Þ	597,542	,	582,708		5,114,219
Time deposits		1,994,323		1,400,610	332,030 0		0		0		100
Cash in agency funds		100		V	V		v		Ü		100
Accounts receivable, net		0		330,643	0		0		0		330,643
Accounts receivable other		0		0	0		0		0		0
Prepaid insurance		0		0	0		0		0		0
Inventories	_	0	_	0	208,028		0	_	0	_	208,028
Total current assets	_	2,803,314		1,978,973	755,515	_	604,754		757,420	_	6,899,976
NONCURRENT ASSETS							•		000 047		# 0.40 0 05
Capital assets, net	_	5,793,203	_		382,775	_	0		893,047	_	7,069,025
Total assets	\$_	8,596,517	\$	1,978,973 \$	1,138,290 \$	\$	604,754 \$	_	1,650,467_\$	_	13,969,001
LIABILITIES											
CURRENT LIABILITIES Deposits	\$	0 :	¢	0 \$	0 \$	¢	0 \$		44,200 \$:	44,200
Accounts payable	Φ	0.	Ф	VΨ	υ ψ	Þ	Ο Ψ	,	τι,200 φ		,
and accrued liabilities		5,551		4,016	612		22,401		683		33,263
Due to agency funds		100		0	0		0		0		100
Due to club accounts		0		3,686	0		0		0		3,686
KBOR Infrastructure Loan		54,568		0	0		0		0		54,568
Capital Lease		136,870		0	0		0		0		136,870
Insurance Proceeds Payable		57,031		0	0		0		0		57,031
Deferred revenue	_	0		83,386	0		0		0	_	83,386
Total current liabilities	\$_	254,120	\$_	91,088 \$	612	\$	22,401 \$, 	44,883 \$	<u>-</u>	413,104
LONG-TERM LIABILITIE	S										
KBOR Infrastructure Loan	\$	12,283	\$	0 \$	0 \$	\$	0 \$	\$	0 \$	3	12,283
Capital Lease	_	1,086,126	_		0	_	0	_	0		1,086,126
Total long term liabilities	\$_	1,098,409	\$	<u> </u>	0 9	\$	0.5		0 \$	<u>-</u>	1,098,409
NET ASSETS											
Invested in capital assets	\$	4,503,356	\$	0 \$	382,775	\$	0		893,047 \$	3	5,779,178
Unrestricted	_	2,740,632	_	1,887,885	754,903		582,353		712,537	_	6,678,310
Total net assets	\$_	7,243,988	\$_	1,887,885 \$	1,137,678	\$_	582,353		<u>1,605,584</u> \$	` 	12,457,488

Goodland, Kansas

Combining Statement for Major Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Operating	Student Revolving	Student Center	Facilities	Housing	Total
REVENUES						
Operating Revenues						* ***
Student tuition and fees	\$ 1,844,835 \$	5 154,377 \$	10,095 \$	0 \$	0 \$	2,009,307
Sales and services						
of educational departments	6,207	728,301	0	0	0	734,508
Residential life	0	0	283,918	0	295,777	579,695
Bookstore	0	0	361,200	0	0	361,200
Other operating revenues	0	2,170		0		2,170
Total operating revenues	1,851,042	884,848	655,213	0	295,777	3,686,880
EXPENSES						
Operating Expenses						
Administration	1,028,101	0	0	0	0	1,028,101
Instruction	2,228,756	0	0	0	0	2,228,756
Academic support	542	0	0	0	0	542
Operation of plant	692,349	15,940	230,215	40,139	170,563	1,149,206
Cost of sales and services	•					
of educational departments	0	368,411	0	0	0	368,411
Student activities	1,146,944	283,023	527,889	0	0	1,957,856
Depreciation	355,459	0	35,594	0	39,862	430,915
Total operating expenses	5,452,151	667,374	793,698	40,139	210,425	7,163,787
Operating income (loss)	(3,601,109)	217,474	(138,485)	(40,139)	85,352	(3,476,907)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPE	NSES)					
State appropriations	3,143,136	0	0	0	0	3,143,136
Federal grants	193,812	0	0	0	0	193,812
State and local grants	128,194	1,714	0	0	0	129,908
Transfer of Funds	(1,398,268)	100,000	(100,000)	1,398,268	0	0
Transfer to Endowment	0	0	0	0	(10,000)	(10,000)
Investment income	5,115	3,135	1,320	1,603	1,139	12,312
(Loss) on asset dispositions	(31,931)	0	0	0	<u> </u>	(31,931)
Net nonoperating revenues	2,040,058	104,849	(98,680)	1,399,871	(8,861)	3,437,237
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(1,561,051)	322,323	(237,165)	1,359,732	76,491	(39,670)
NET ASSETS						
Net assets - beginning of year	8,805,039	1,565,562	1,374,843	(777,379)	1,529,093	12,497,158
Net assets - end of year	\$ <u>7,243,988</u>	<u> 1,887,885</u> \$	<u>1,137,678</u> \$	582,353 \$	<u>1,605,584</u> \$	12,457,488

Goodland, Kansas

Combining Statement for Major Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Operating	Student Revolving	Student Center	Facilities	Housing	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVI						
Tuition and fees \$	1,844,835		10,095 \$	0 \$	0 \$	2,009,307
Residential life	0	0	283,918	0	323,577	607,495
Sales and services of educational departments	65,848	756,467	0	0	0	822,315
Auxiliary enterprises charges	0	0	361,200	0	0	361,200
Other receipts	0	2,170	0	0	0	2,170
Payments to employees	(3,738,709)	(12,129)	(230,131)	0	(59,090)	(4,040,059)
Payments to vendors	(1,321,062)	(703,731)	(505,270)	(42,570)	(111,052)	(2,683,685)
Interst expense	(42,568)		0 -	0	0	(42,568)
Net cash provided (used)						
by operating activities	(3,191,656)	197,154	(80,188)	(42,570)	153,435	(2,963,825)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINAN						
State appropriations	3,143,136	0	0	0	0	3,143,136
Federal and State grants	322,006	1,714	0	0	0	323,720
Interfund Transfers	(1,398,268)	100,000	(100,000)	1,398,268	(10,000)	(10,000)
Net cash provided (used) by						
noncapital financing activities	2,066,874	101,714	(100,000)	1,398,268	(10,000)	3,456,856
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING	G ACTIVITIE	s				
Purchase of capital assets	(120,644)	0	0	0	0	(120,644)
Proceeds from Capital Assets Dispositions	500	0	0	0	0	500
Capital Lease Repayments	(132,703)	0	0	0	0	(132,703)
KBOR Infrastructure Loan Repayment	(54,567)	0	0	0	0	(54,567)
Net cash (used) by capital financing activities	(307,414)	0	0	0	0	(307,414)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVIT	PIES					
Interest on investments	5,115	3,135	1,320	1,603	1,139	12,312
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,115	3,135	1,320	1,603	1,139	12,312
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(1,427,081)	302,003	(178,868)	1,357,301	144,574	197,929
Cash - beginning of the year	2,874,696	1,346,327	726,355	603,152	612,846	6,163,376
Cash - end of year \$	1,447,615	\$ <u>1,648,330</u> \$	547,487 \$	1,960,453 \$	757,420 \$_	6,361,305
Reconciliation of net operating Income (loss) to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activitie Operating income (loss) \$	(3,601,108)	\$ 217,474 \$	(138,485) \$	(40,139) \$	85,351 \$	(3,476,907)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net of Depreciation expense	355,459	0	35,594	0	39,862	430,915
Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net	2,610	(45,667)	2,173	0	0	(40,884)
Inventories	2,010	(43,007)	19,932	0	0	19,932
Inventories Insurance Proceeds Payable	57,031	v	19,932	v	v	57,031
Deferred revenue	57,051 0	28,166	0	0	27,800	55,966
Accounts payable	(5,648)	(2,819)	598	(2,431)	422	(9,878)
Aleecanio pajacio						
\$	(3,191,656)	\$ <u>197,154</u> \$	(80,188) \$	(42,570) \$	<u>153,435</u> \$_	(2,963,825)

Goodland, Kansas

Schedule of Management Information Schedule of Expenses by Function and Object - Operating Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General		Academic	Operations		Student	
	<u>A</u> .	<u>dministration</u>	Instruction	Support	<u>of Plant</u>		<u>Activities</u>	Total
Salaries	\$	317,342 \$	1,712,544 \$	0	\$ 188,184	\$	806,720 \$	3,024,790
Benefits		74,900	404,200	0	44,416		190,404	713,920
Services		16,534	89,224	0	9,804		42,030	157,592
Supplies		12,594	2,147	542	17,768		18,417	51,468
Utilities		0	0	0	283,138		0	283,138
Other		606,731	20,641	0	149,039		89,373	865,784
Depreciation		0	0	0	 0		0	355,459
Total	\$_	1,028,101 \$	2,228,756 \$	542_	\$ 692,349	\$_	1,146,944 \$	5,452,151

Goodland, Kansas

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Federal CFDA		
Grant Title	Number	Revenues	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Programs			
Pell Grant Program	84.063 \$	909,478 \$	909,478
College Work Study	84.033	21,690	21,690
Federal Family Education Loan	84.032	1,621,515	1,621,515
Supplemental Educational			
Opportunity Grant	84.007	12,700	12,700
	<u>-</u>	2,565,383	2,565,383
Passed through Kansas Department of Education			
Carl D. Perkins Vocational	84.048	152,937	152,937
	-	152,937	152,937
Total Federal Assistance	\$_	<u>2,718,320</u> \$	2,718,320

Note 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the College under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the College, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets of cash flows of the College.

Note 2: Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

Note 3: The College did not provide federal awards to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2015.

SPECIAL REPORTS

234 South Main P.O. Box 1020 Ottawa, Kansas 66067 (785) 242-3170 (785) 242-9250 FAX. www.agc-cpas.com WEB SITE



Lucille L. Hinderliter, CPA Harold K. Mayes, CPA

W. Keith Gaeddert, CPA (Retired)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Area Board of Control Northwest Kansas Technical College Goodland, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund of Northwest Kansas Technical College as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Northwest Kansas Technical College financial statements, and have issued our report there on dated January 14, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Northwest Kansas Technical College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. According, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Northwest Kansas Technical College's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Otlawa, Kansas
January 14, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Area Board of Control Northwest Kansas Technical College Goodland, Kansas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Northwest Kansas Technical College's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Northwest Kansas Technical College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Northwest Kansas Technical College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the College's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a tests basis, evidence about College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30,

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.



A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of the testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ottawa, Kansas January 14, 2016

Apler & Landdert, Chartered

Goodland, Kansas

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weakness(es) identified?

<u>No</u>

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses:

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

<u>No</u>

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses:

<u>No</u>

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?

<u>No</u>

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Amount	
84.007	Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant	\$ 12,700	
84.032	Federal Family Education Loans	1,621,515	
84.033	College Work Study	21,690	
84.063	Federal Pell Grant Program	909,478	
Dollar threshold used to di	\$ 300,000		
Auditee qualified as a low-	<u>No</u>		